

Stochastic Characteristics of 3D Unsteady Normal SWBL Interactions

*Bernhard H. Anderson
NASA Glenn Research Center
Cleveland, Ohio, 44135*

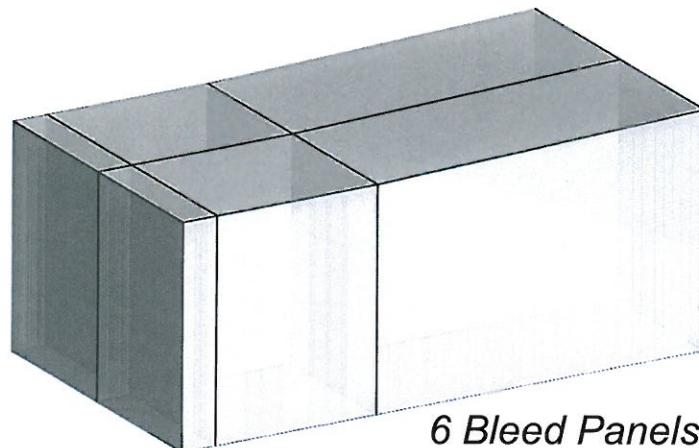
Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions *Research Objective*

To document and examine the characteristics of 3D unsteady normal SWBL interactions within supersonic inlets for both square and filleted corner geometries when used in conjunction with bleed and/or HyFM actuator (non-bleed) normal SWBL flow control.

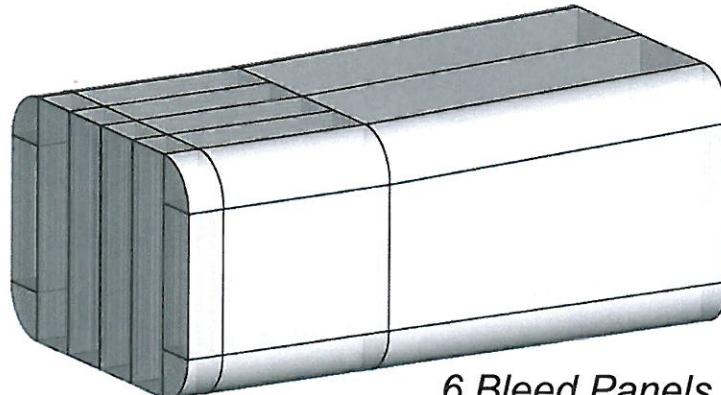
- (a) Understand and enlarge the subcritical stability margin*
- (b) Understand and manage dynamic distortion⁽¹⁾*
- (c) Establish the requirements for working prototype “fail safe” HyFM actuator*

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions

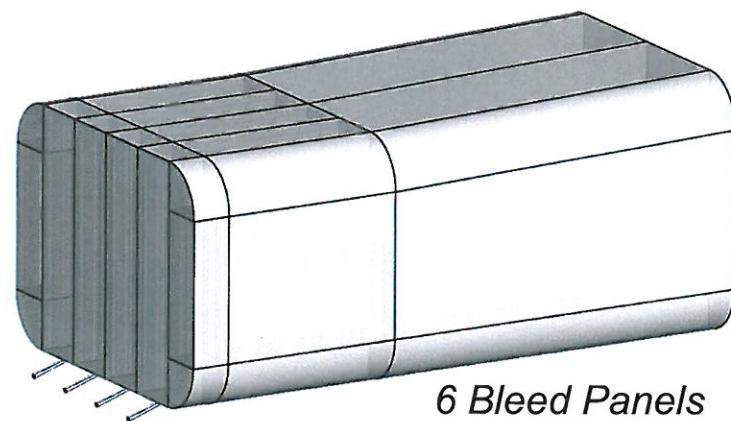
HyFM Actuator Installation Geometry



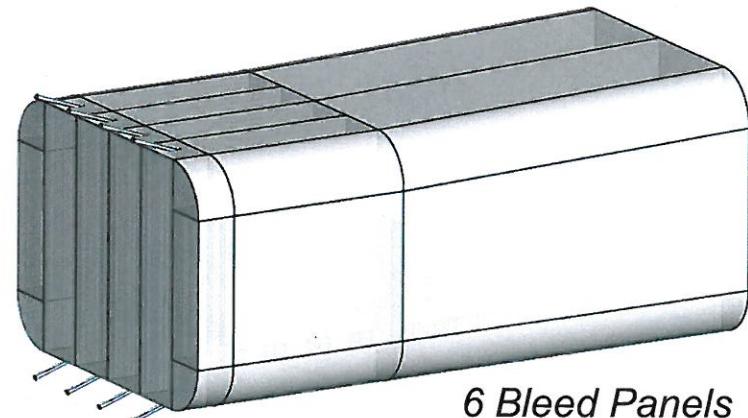
Baseline Square Corner, GRC100



Baseline Filleted Corner, GRC201

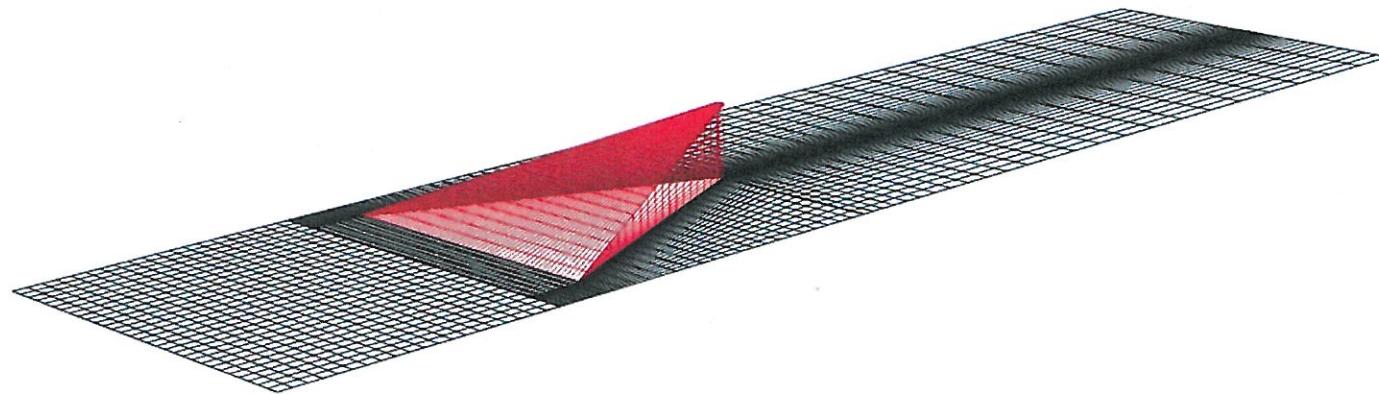


Single Actuator Installation, GRC401

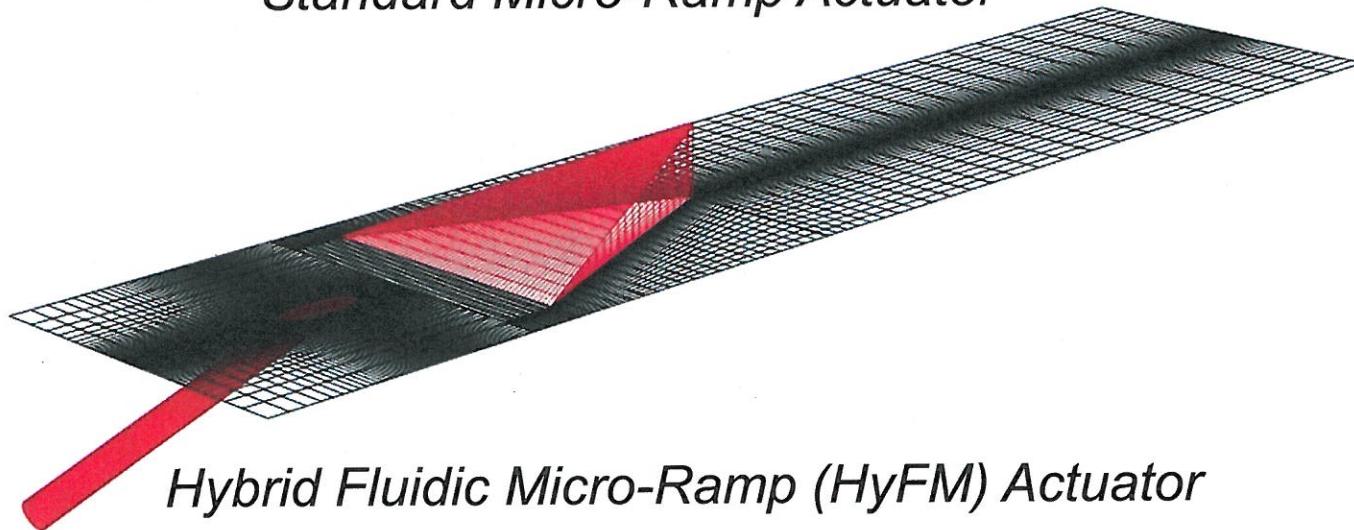


Double Actuator Installation, GRC601

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions
NASA/GRC Serial No. LEW-18322-1
HyFM Actuator Geometry



Standard Micro-Ramp Actuator



Hybrid Fluidic Micro-Ramp (HyFM) Actuator

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions

Variables Held Constant

Variable	Value
Tunnel Mach Number, M_0	1.6
Tunnel Total Pressure (psf), P_0	2112.0
Tunnel Total Temperature ($^{\circ}$ R), T_0	517.0
Nominal Tunnel Reynolds Number (per ft.), Re	3.9×10^6

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions

Facility Bleed Factor Variables

<i>Bleed Operating Variable</i>	<i>Range</i>
<i>Left forward side bleed panel, m_1/m_0</i>	<i>0.0% – 2.5%</i>
<i>Left diffuser side bleed panel, m_2/m_0</i>	<i>0.0% – 2.5%</i>
<i>Left diffuser top bleed panel, m_3/m_0</i>	<i>0.0% – 2.5%</i>
<i>Right diffuser top bleed panel, m_4/m_0</i>	<i>0.0% – 2.5%</i>
<i>Right diffuser side bleed panel, m_5/m_0</i>	<i>0.0% – 2.5%</i>
<i>Right forward side bleed panel, m_6/m_0</i>	<i>0.0% – 2.5%</i>
<i>Total bleed mass flow ratio, m_{bld}/m_0</i>	<i>0.0% – 15.0%</i>

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions

HyFM Actuator Characteristics

Design Variable	Value
Micro-actuator height (in.), h	0.500
Micro-actuator chord length (in.), c	1.375
Micro-actuator lateral spacing (in.), s	1.250
Micro-actuator wedge angle, (degs.), β	24.0
% Micro-actuator jet mass flow ratio, W_{jet}/W_o	0.0183/act
Micro-actuator jet total pressure ratio, P_{jet}/P_o	1.0
Micro-actuator jet streamwise location (in.), X_{jet}	-4.2
Micro-actuator jet pitch angle, (degs.), α_p	20.0°

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions

Unsteady Factor Variables

Response Variable	Nomenclature
AIP Ave. Mach Number, /rev	M_{FAIP}
AIP Ave. Total Pressure Recovery, /rev	P_{FAIP}
AIP Circumferential Distortion, /rev	DPC/P
Mach Number, Standard Deviation/rev	S_{MAIP}
Total Pressure Recovery, Standard Deviation/rev	S_{PFAIP}
Circumferential Distortion, Standard Deviation/rev	$S_{DPC/P}$

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions

DES Unsteady Factor Variables

<i>Time Variable</i>	<i>Value</i>
<i>Baseline Cases Time Step, Sec.</i>	1.0×10^{-5}
<i>FyFM Actuator Cases Time Step, Sec.</i>	1.0×10^{-6}
<i>CFD Data Sampling Rate, Sec</i>	1.0×10^{-4}
<i>CFD Data Sampling Span, Sec⁽¹⁾</i>	1.5×10^{-2}
<i>Per/rev Time Span (4300 RPM), Sec.</i>	1.395×10^{-2}
<i>Total Number of Data Samples</i>	151

(1) Equivalent to experimental sampling rate, 1.0×10^4 samples/sec

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions Unsteady Time Series Methodology

- *At each sampling site, i.e. every 1/10,000 of a second, the DES solution is spawned and the area average AIP total pressure recovery, and DPC/P distortion are calculate and recorded.*
- *Each of the four individual parameters are treated separately and a time series time history developed for the averaged properties.*
- *Assuming a fan speed of 4,300 RPM, a time series is developed for each of the four parameters which covers one revolution of the fan blades, i.e. 151 samples.*
- *For each of the individual parameters, the stochastic properties of each time series is examined to determine whether it is stationary or non-stationary, and the appropriate analysis will be applied.*
- *The mean of the area averaged time series is termed the “mean area averaged properties”.*

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions
3D Steady RANS Performance Summary
Area Averaged Properties

Config.	Grid	% W_{jet}/W_o	PFAIP	DPC/P	m_{bld}/m_o
GRC100	13.42×10^6	_____	0.8083	0.2565	15.0%
GRC200	14.86×10^6	_____	0.8202	0.2487	15.0%
GRC401	18.26×10^6	0.0183/act.	0.8547	0.1596	5.0%
GRC402	18.26×10^6	0.0	0.8254	0.1888	5.0%
GRC403	18.26×10^6	0.0	0.8469	0.1518	0.0%
GRC601	18.26×10^6	0.0183/act.	0.8487	0.14773	0.0%

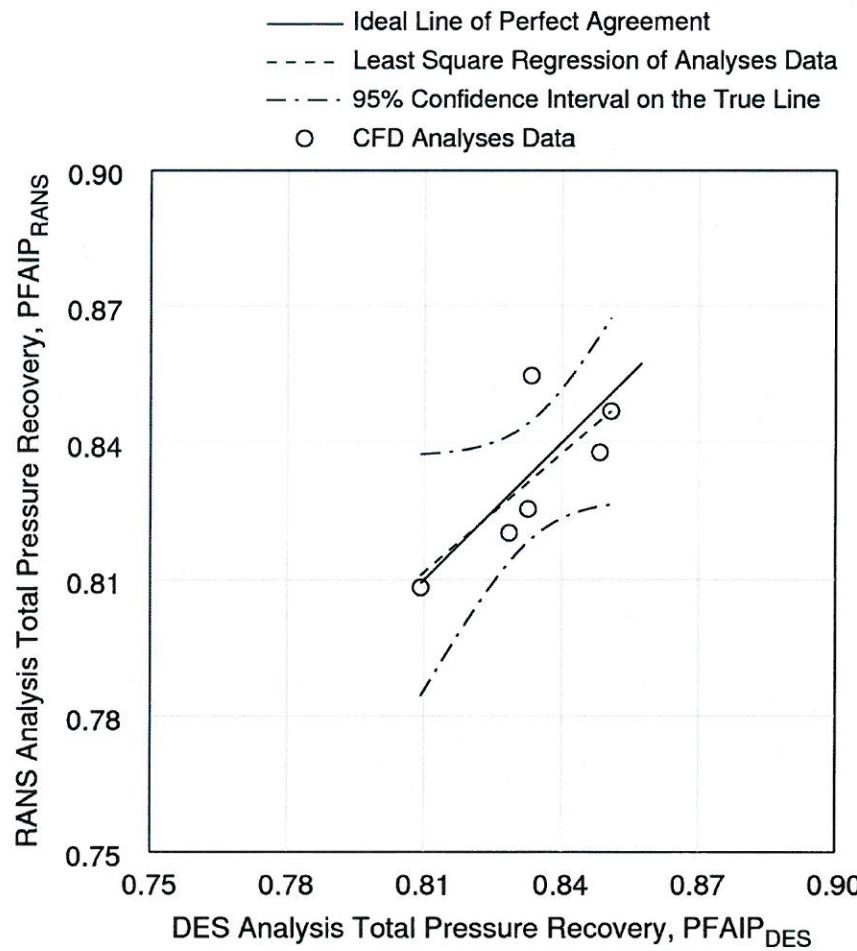
Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions
3D Unsteady DES Performance Summary
Mean Area Averaged Properties

Config.	Grid	$\%W_{jet}/W_0$	PFAIP	DPC/P	m_{bld}/m_0
GRC100	13.42×10^6	_____	0.8092	0.3085	15.0%
GRC200	14.86×10^6	_____	0.8285	0.3620	15.0%
GRC401	18.26×10^6	0.0183/act.	0.8336	0.2157	5.0%
GRC402	18.26×10^6	0.0	0.8317	0.2096	5.0%
GRC403	18.26×10^6	0.0	0.8555	0.1845	0.0%
GRC601	18.26×10^6	0.0183/act.	0.8378	0.13000	0.0%

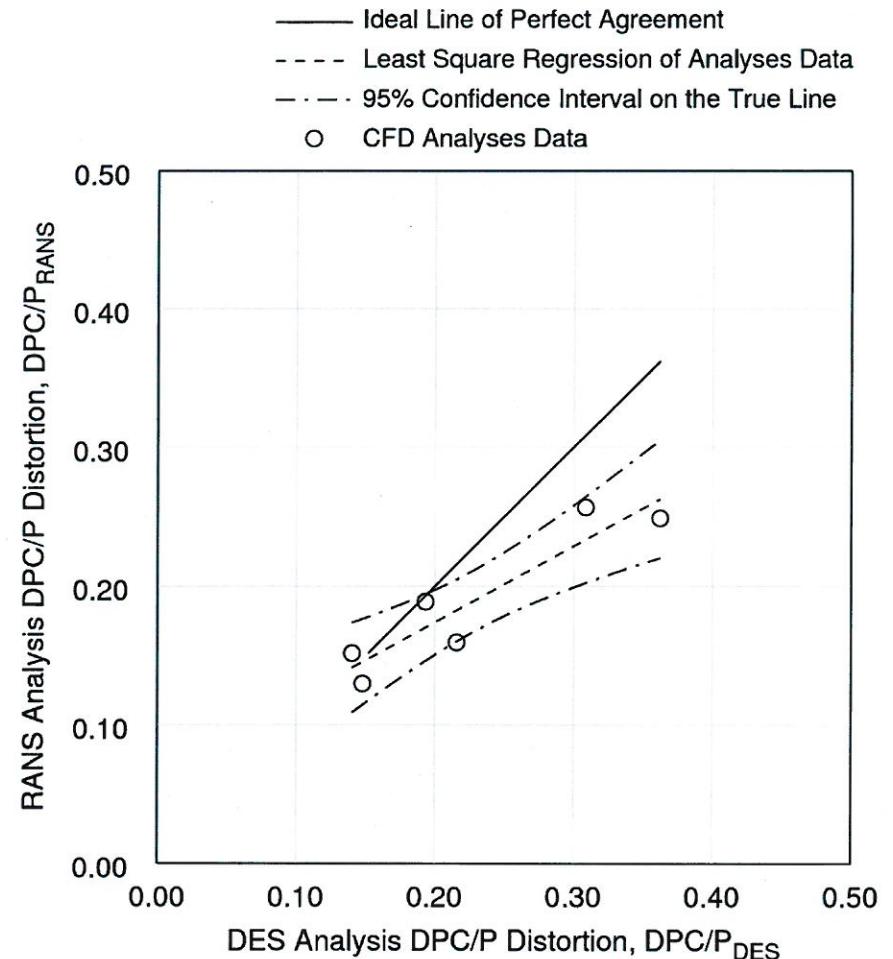
Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions

Comparison of RANS and DES Analysis

Stochastic Properties

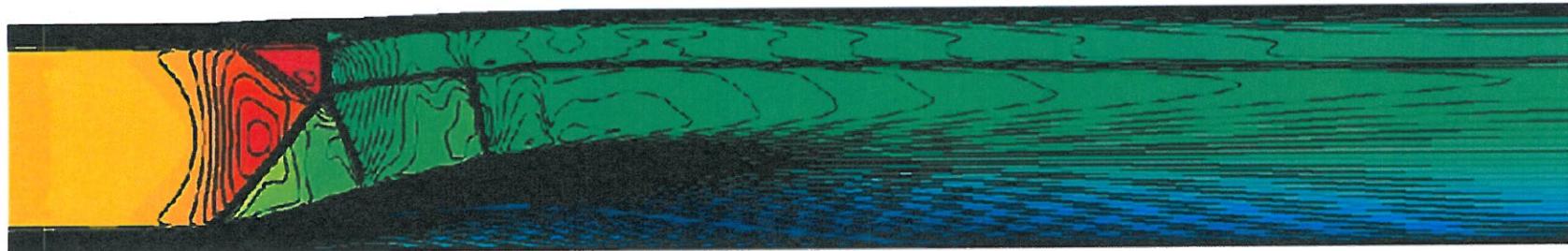


AIP Total Pressure Recovery, $PFAIP$



AIP Distortion, DPC/P

*Config. GRC100 Baseline Square Duct Geom.
Streamwise Mach Number Contours
Supercritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 15.0\%$*

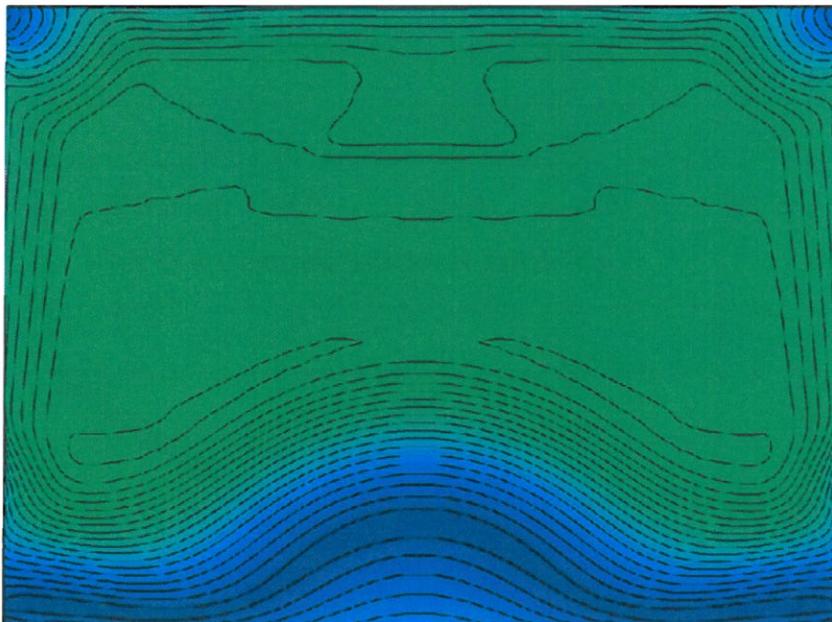


3D Steady RANS Analysis

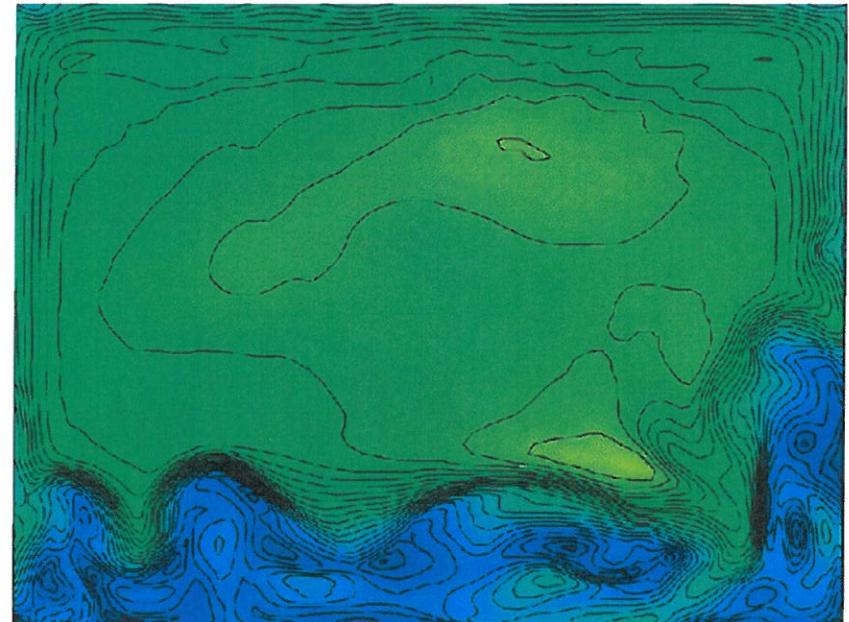


3D Unsteady DES Analysis

*Config. GRC100 Baseline Square Duct Geom.
AIP Mach Number Contours
Supercritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 15.0\%$*

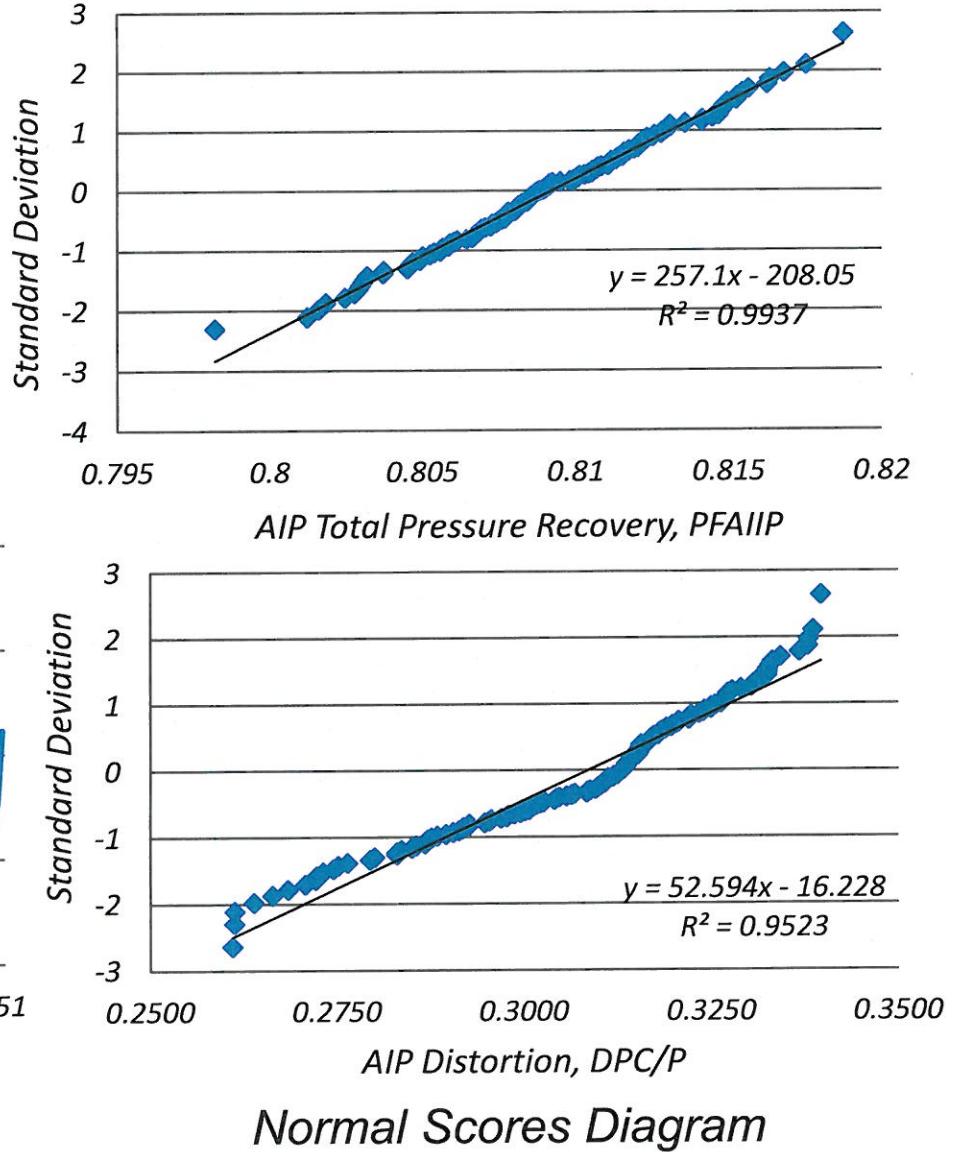
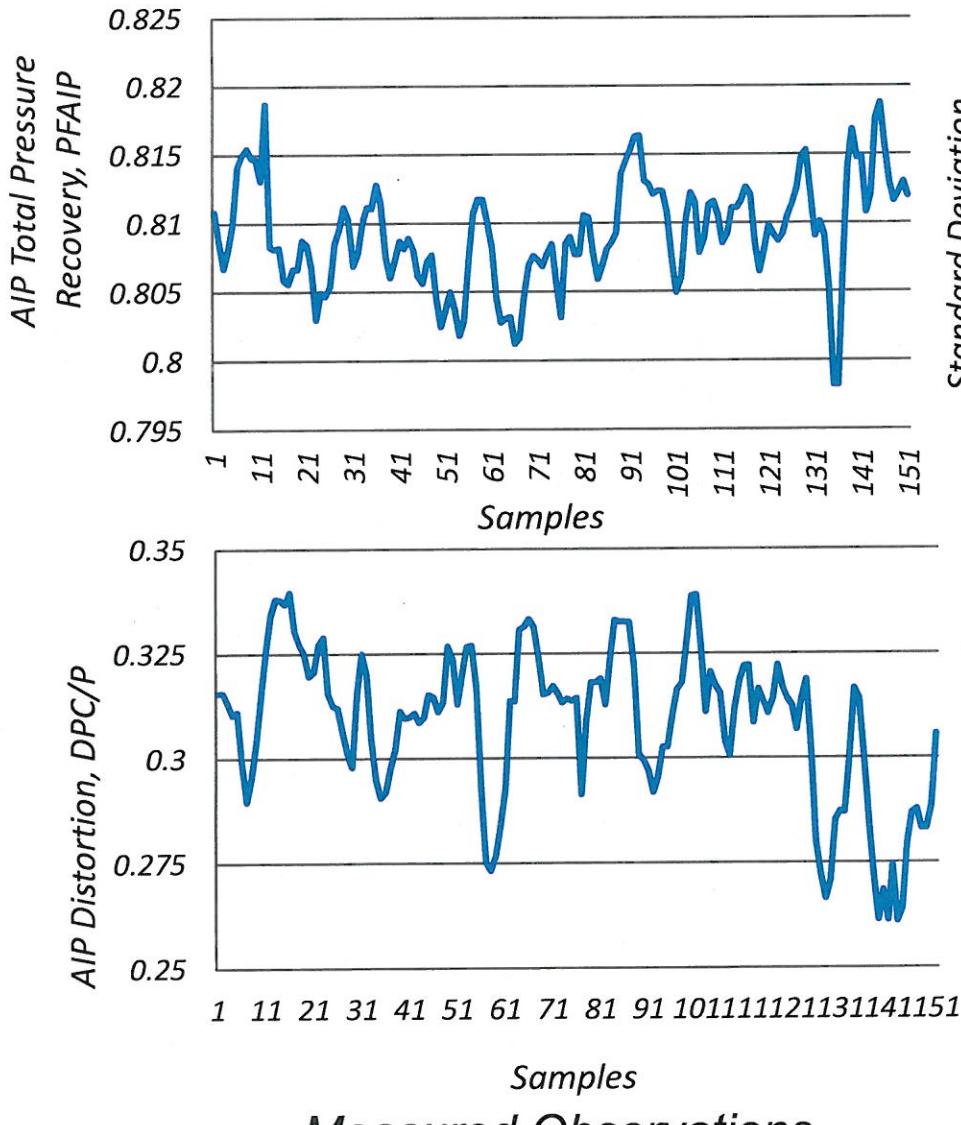


3D Steady RANS Analysis

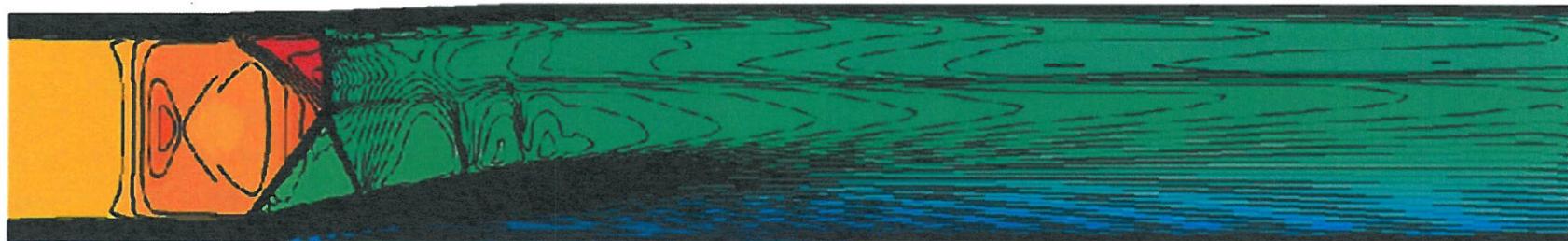


3D Unsteady DES Analysis

Config. GRC100 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Stochastic Properties



*Config. GRC200 Baseline Filleted Duct Geom.
Streamwise Mach Number Contours
Supercritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 15.0\%$*

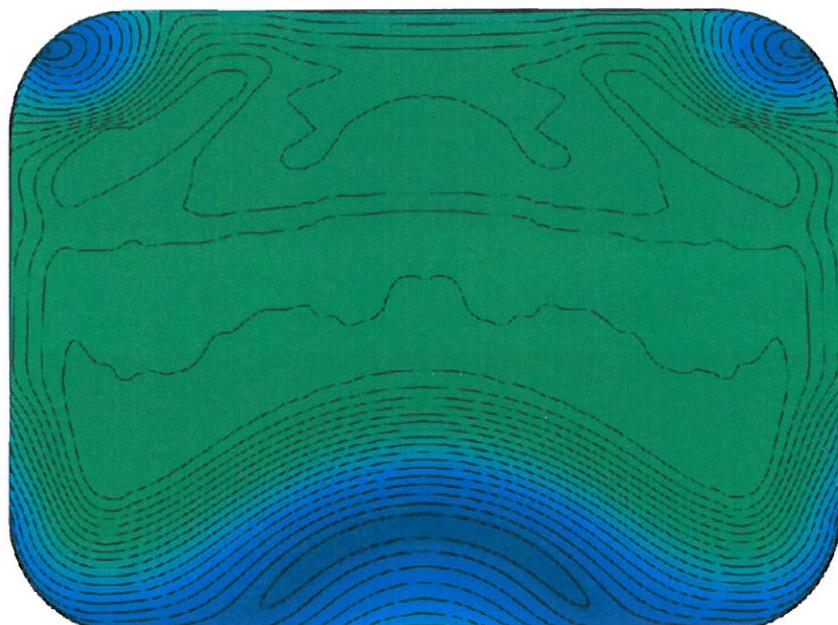


3D Steady RANS Analysis

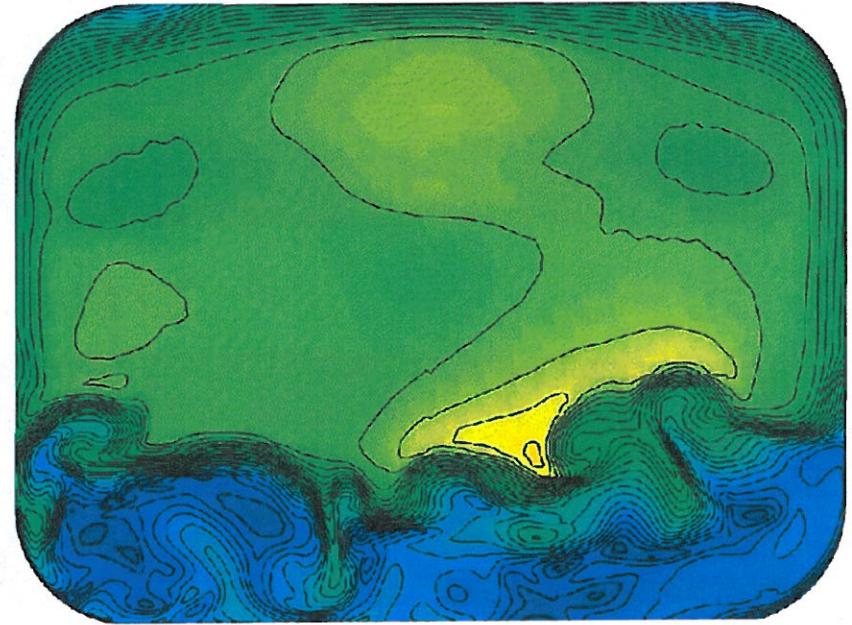


3D Unsteady DES Analysis

*Config. GRC200 Baseline Filleted Duct Geom.
AIP Mach Number Contours
Supercritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 15.0\%$*

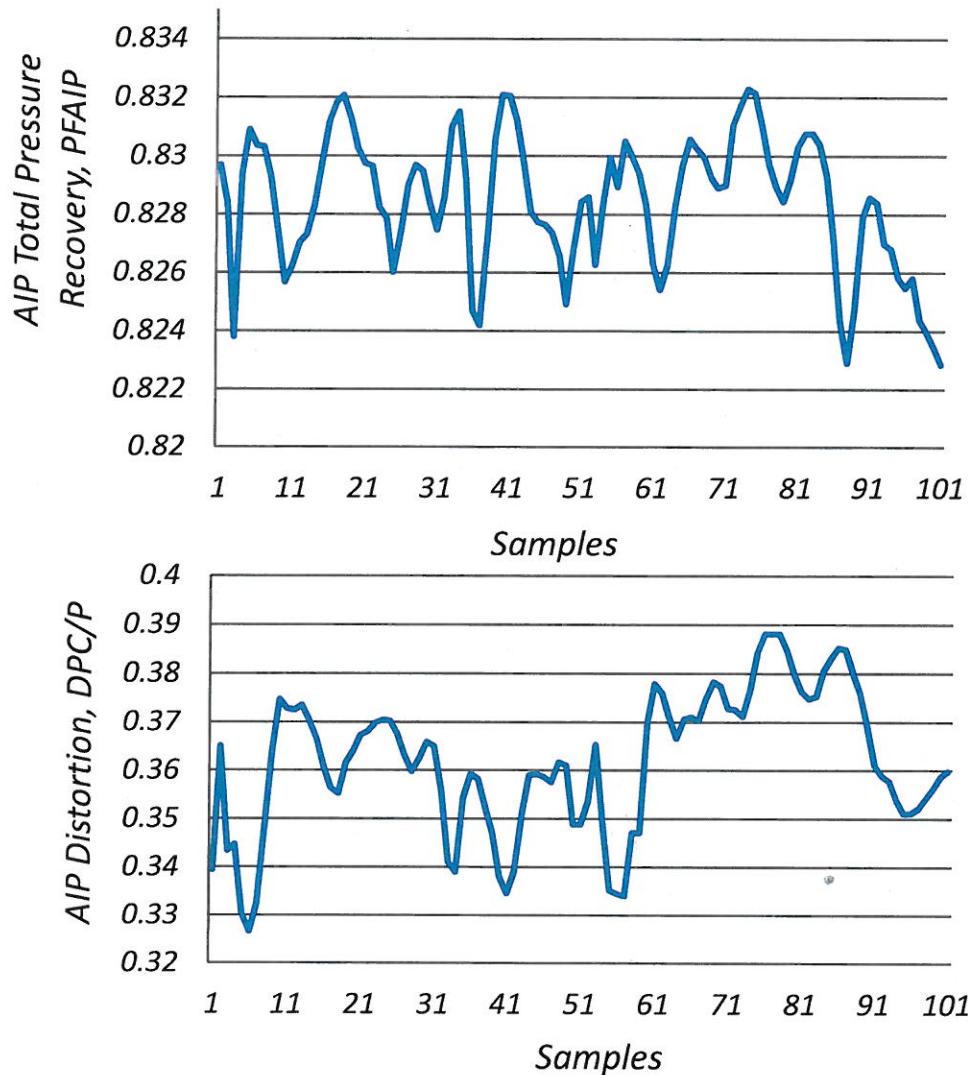


3D Steady RANS Analysis

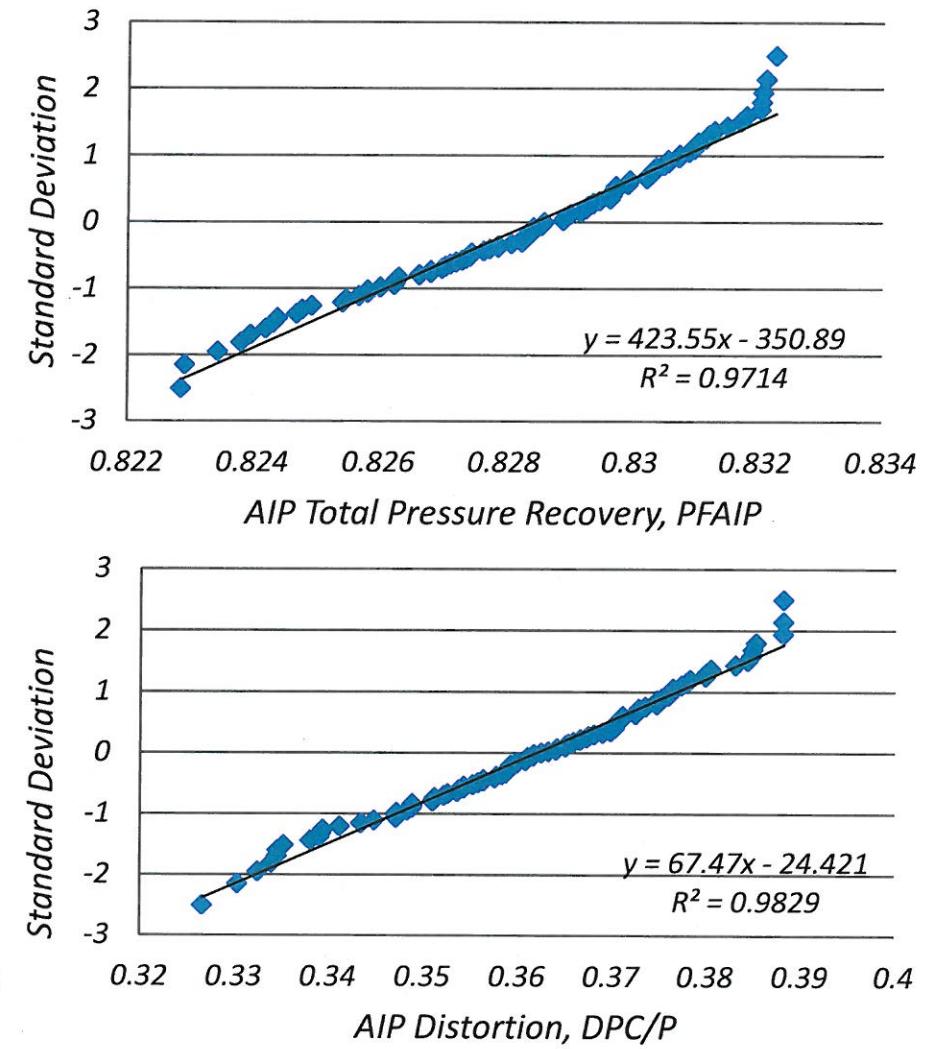


3D Unsteady DES Analysis

Config. GRC200 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Stochastic Properties

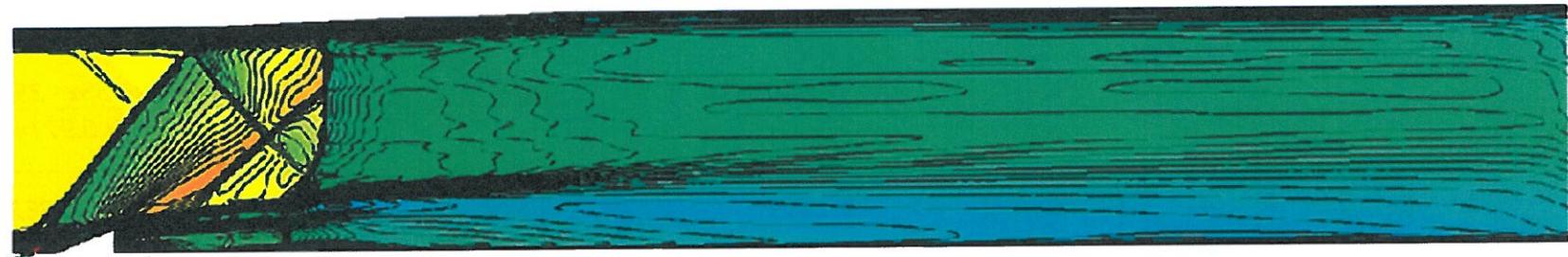


Measured Observations

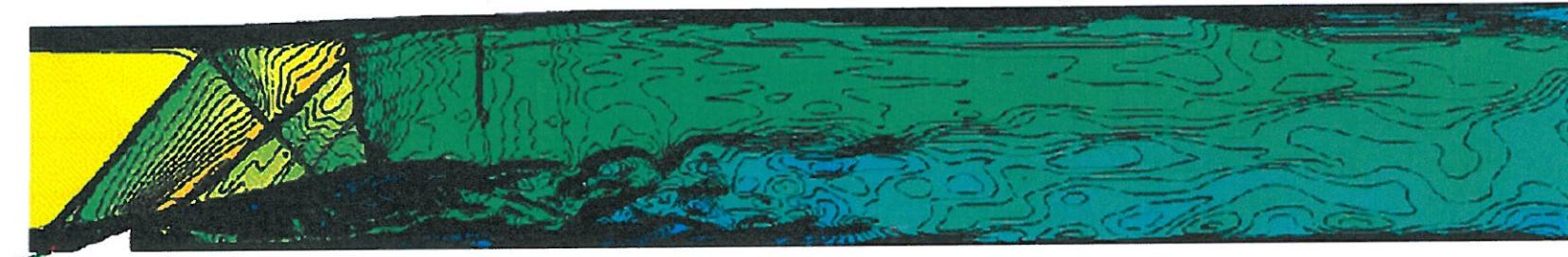


Normal Scores Diagram

Config. GRC401 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
Streamwise Mach Number Contours
Superitical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 5.0\%$



3D Steady RANS Analysis



3D Unsteady DES Analysis

*Config. GRC401 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
Streamwise Mach Number Contours
Supercritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 5.0\%$*

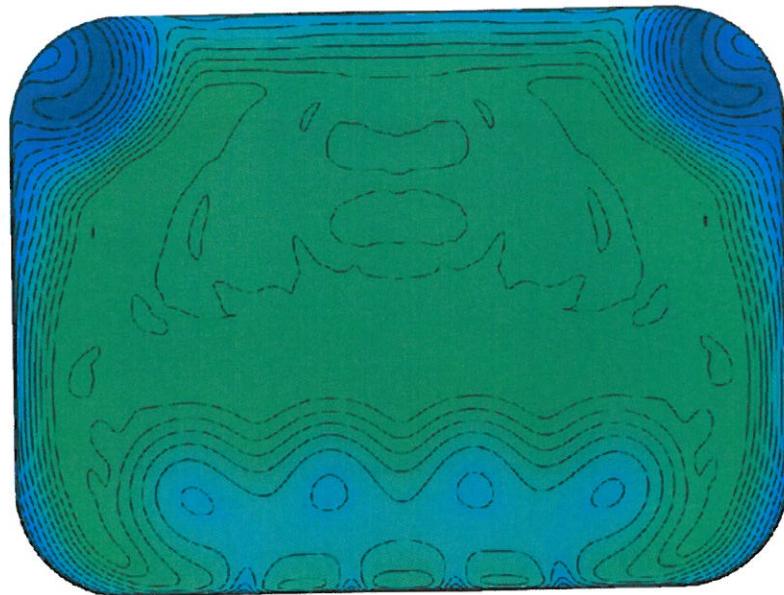


3D Steady RANS Analysis

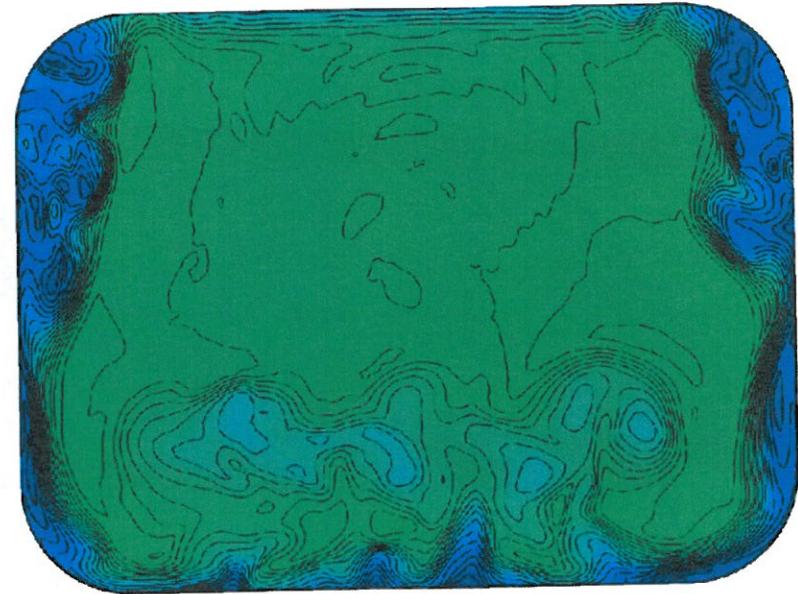


3D Unsteady DES Analysis

*Config. GRC401 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
AIP Mach Number Contours
Supercritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 5.0\%$*

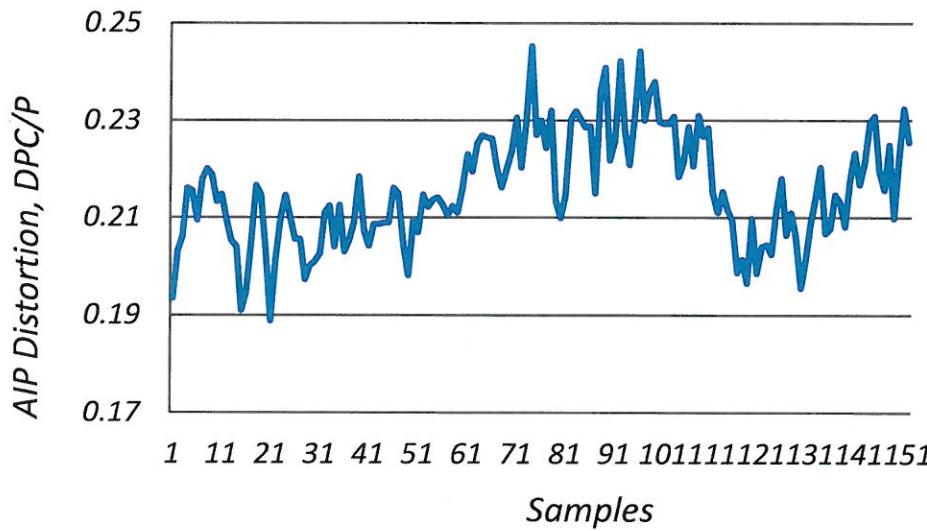
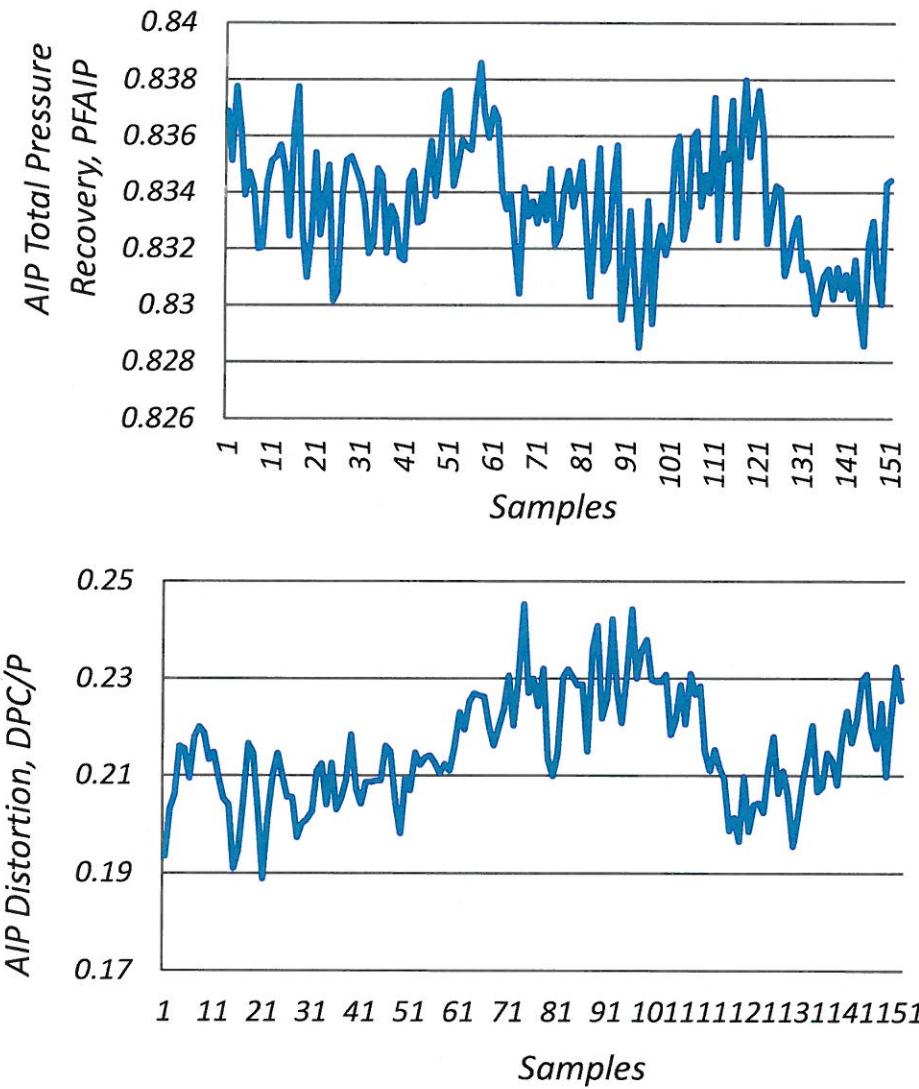


3D Steady RANS Analysis

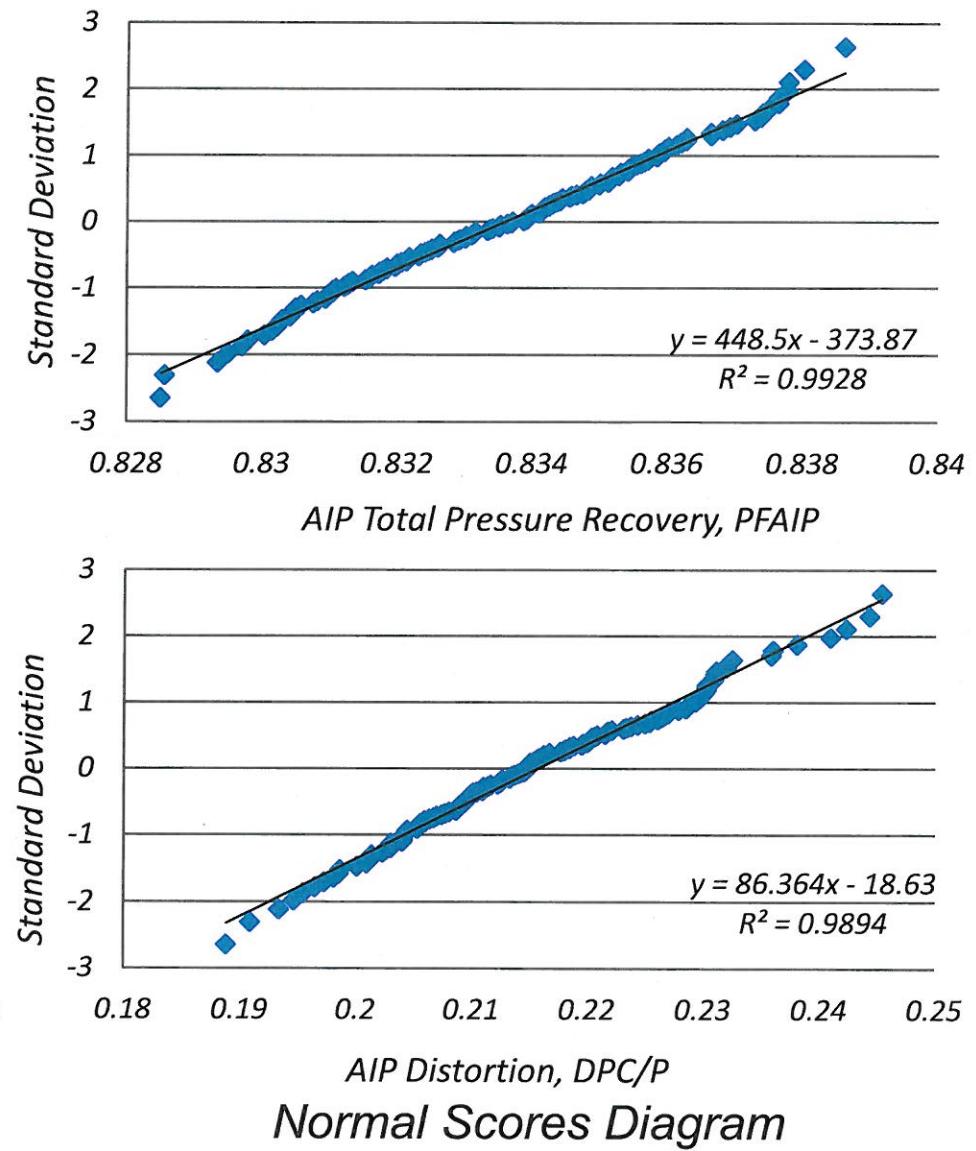


3D Unsteady DES Analysis

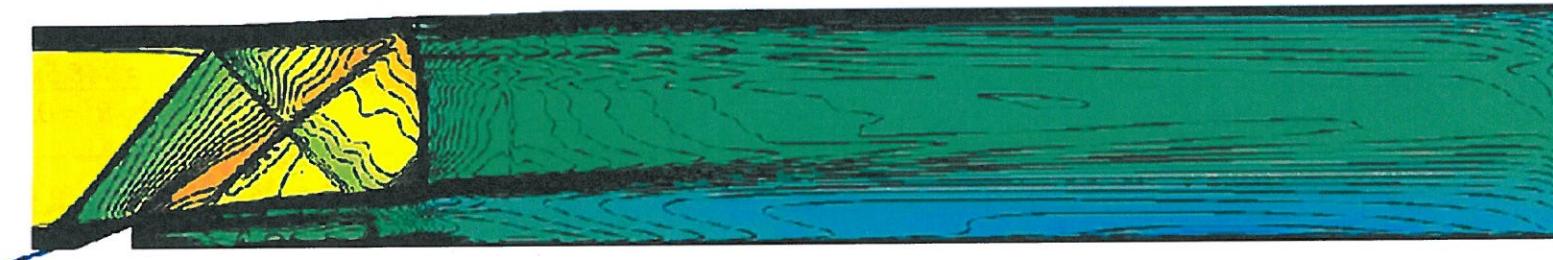
Config. GRC401 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Stochastic Properties



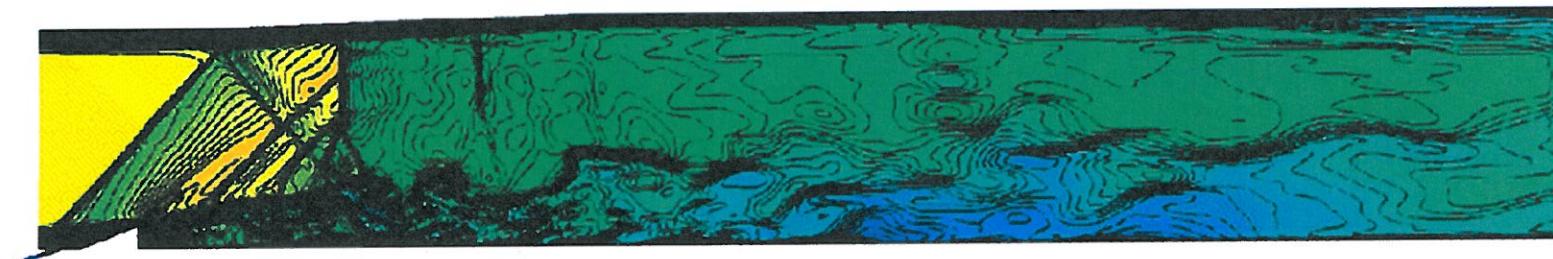
Measured Observations



*Config. GRC402 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
Streamwise Mach Number Contours
Superritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 5.0\%$*

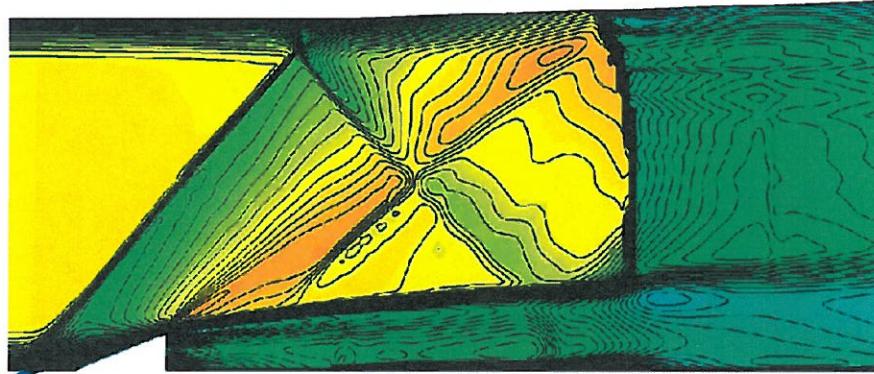


3D Steady RANS Analysis



3D Unsteady DES Analysis

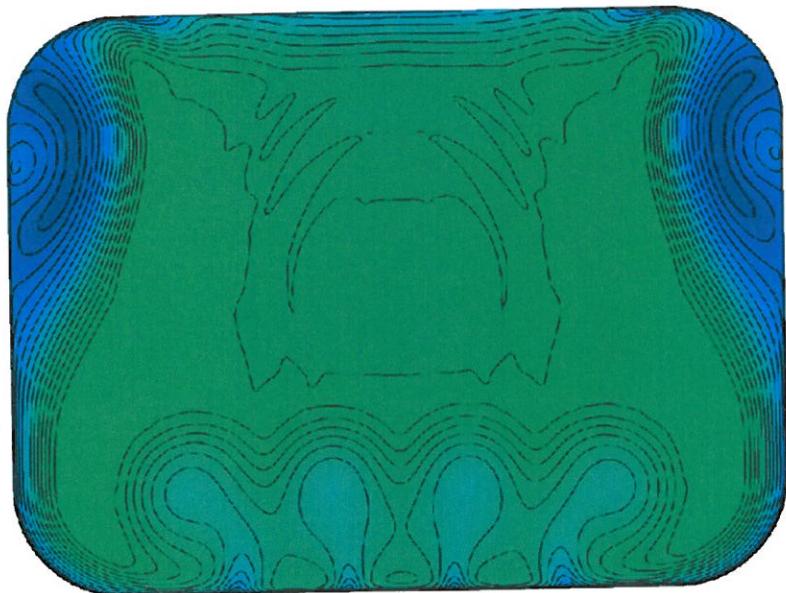
*Config. GRC402 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
Streamwise Mach Number Contours
Supercritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 5.0\%$*



3D Steady RANS Analysis

3D Unsteady DES Analysis

*Config. GRC402 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
AIP Mach Number Contours
Supercritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 5.0\%$*

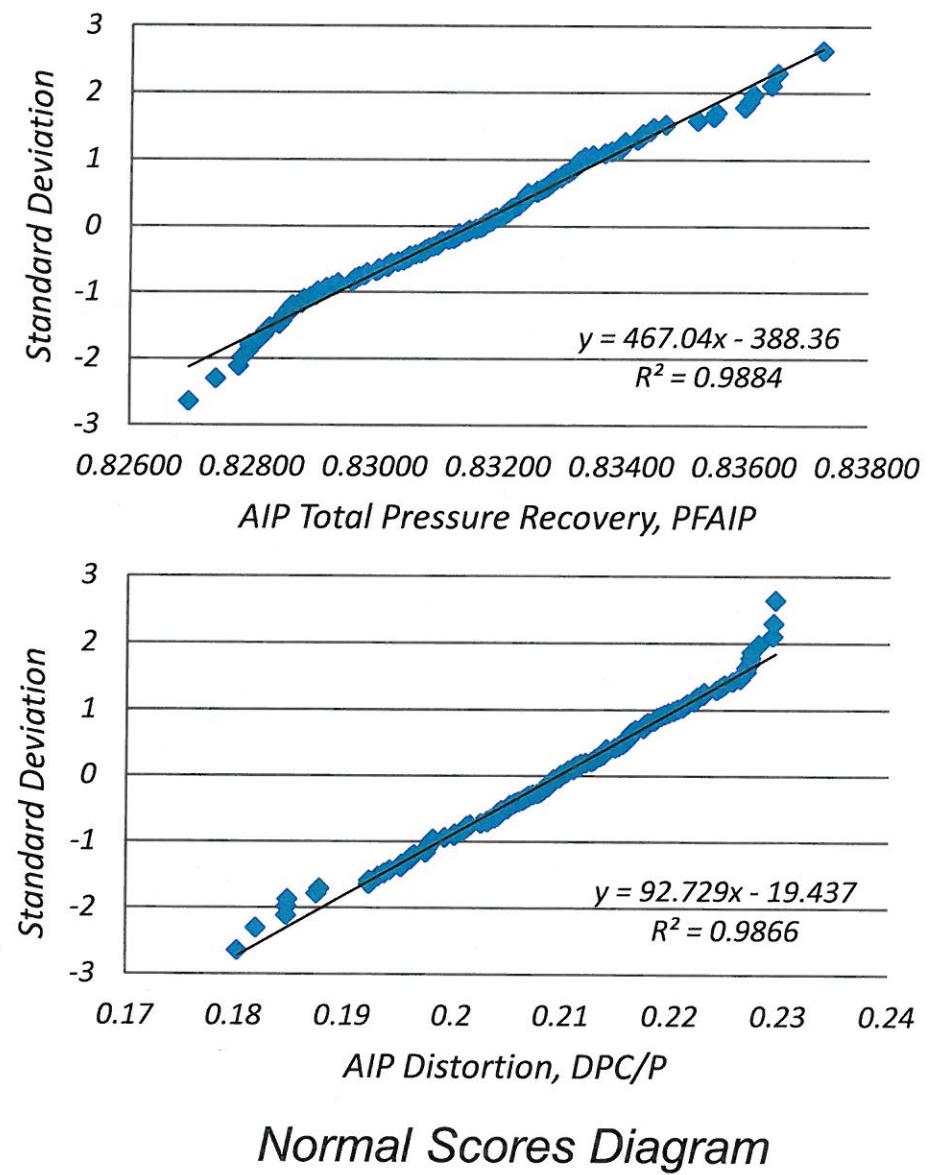
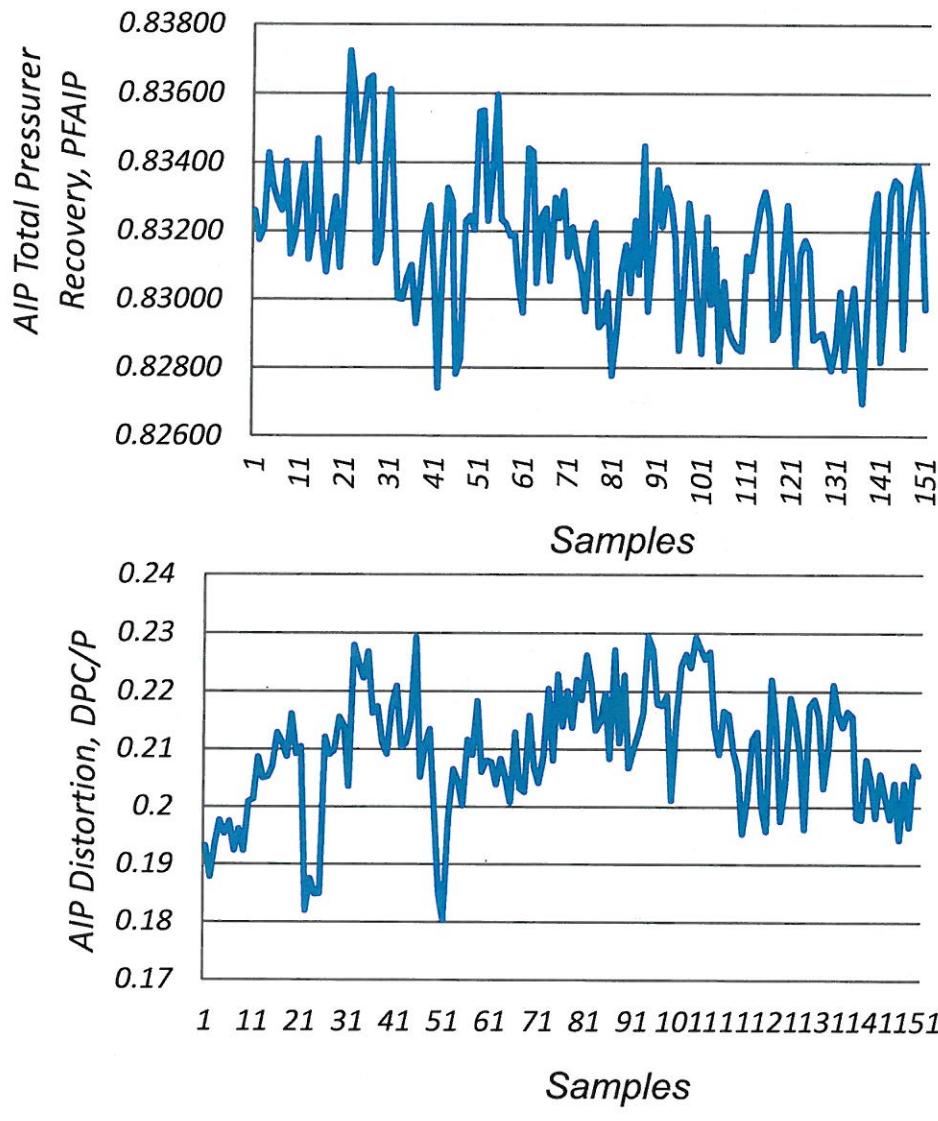


3D Steady RANS Analysis

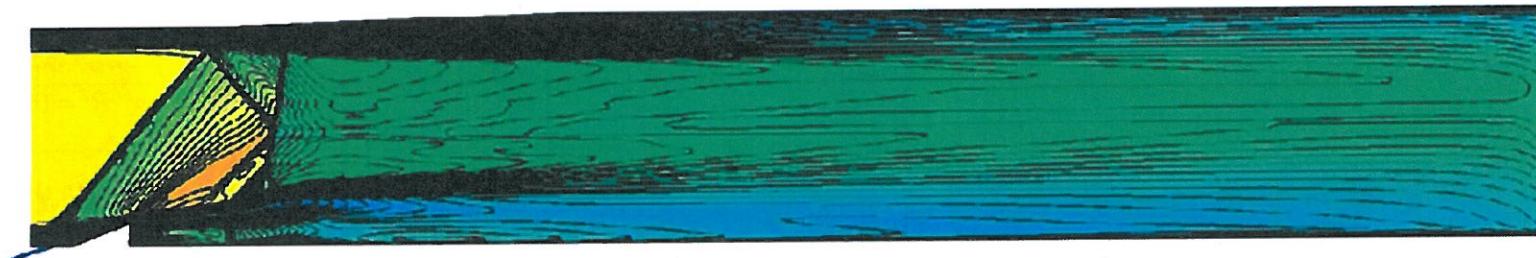


3D Unsteady DES Analysis

Config. GRC402 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Stochastic Properties



*Config. GRC403 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
Streamwise Mach Number Contours
Subcritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 0.0\%$*



3D Steady RANS Analysis

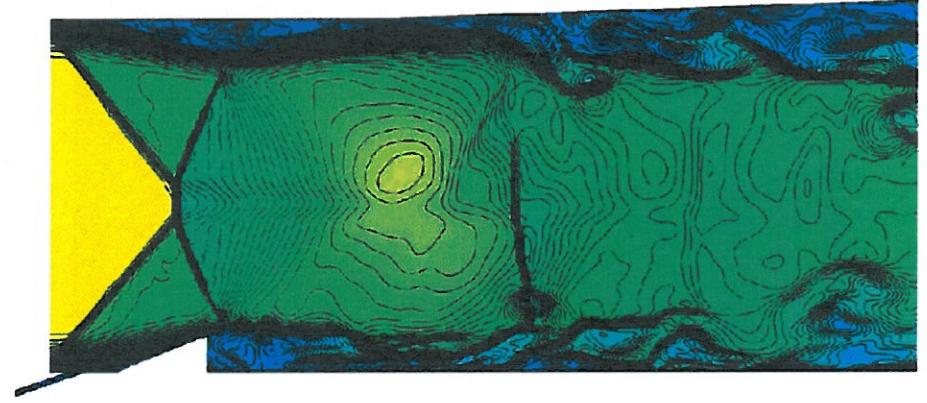


3D Unsteady DES Analysis

*Config. GRC403 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
Streamwise Mach Number Contours
Supercritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 0.0\%$*

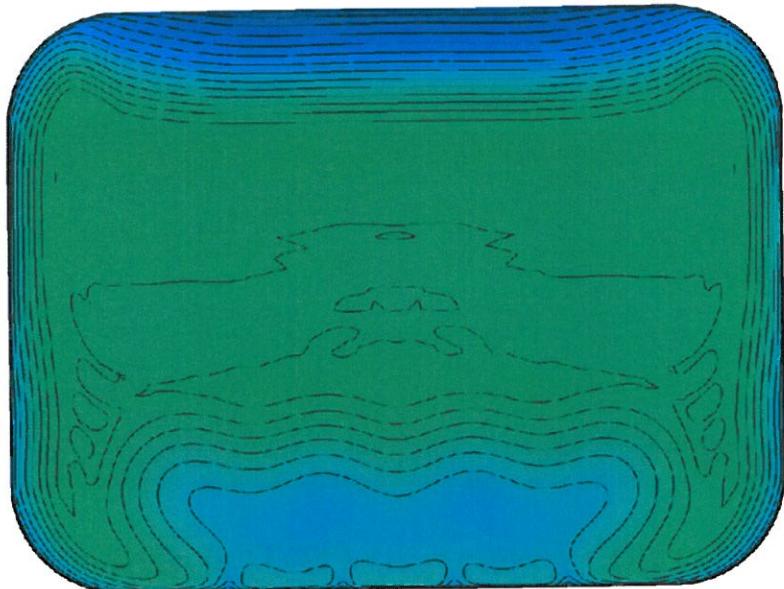


3D Steady RANS Analysis

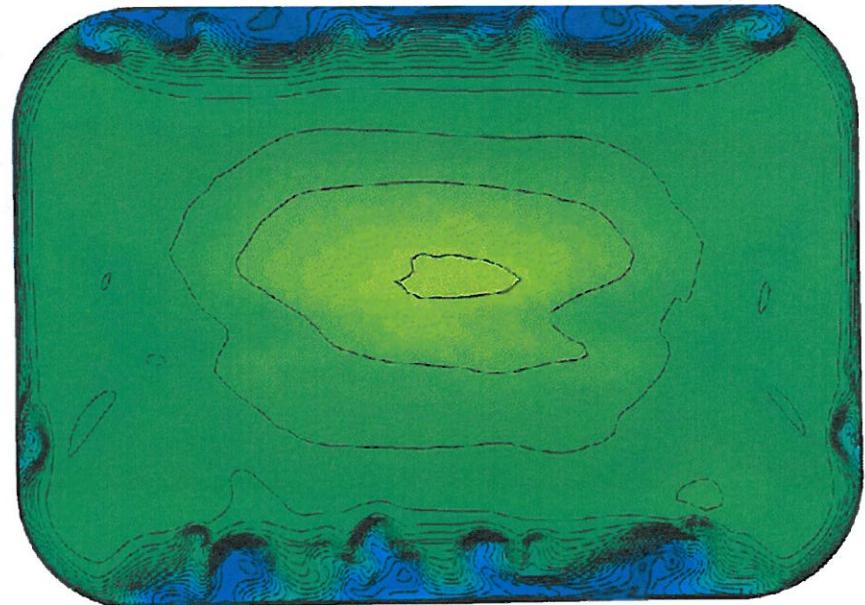


3D Unsteady DES Analysis

*Config. GRC403 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
AIP Mach Number Contours
Supercritical Operation
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 0.0\%$*

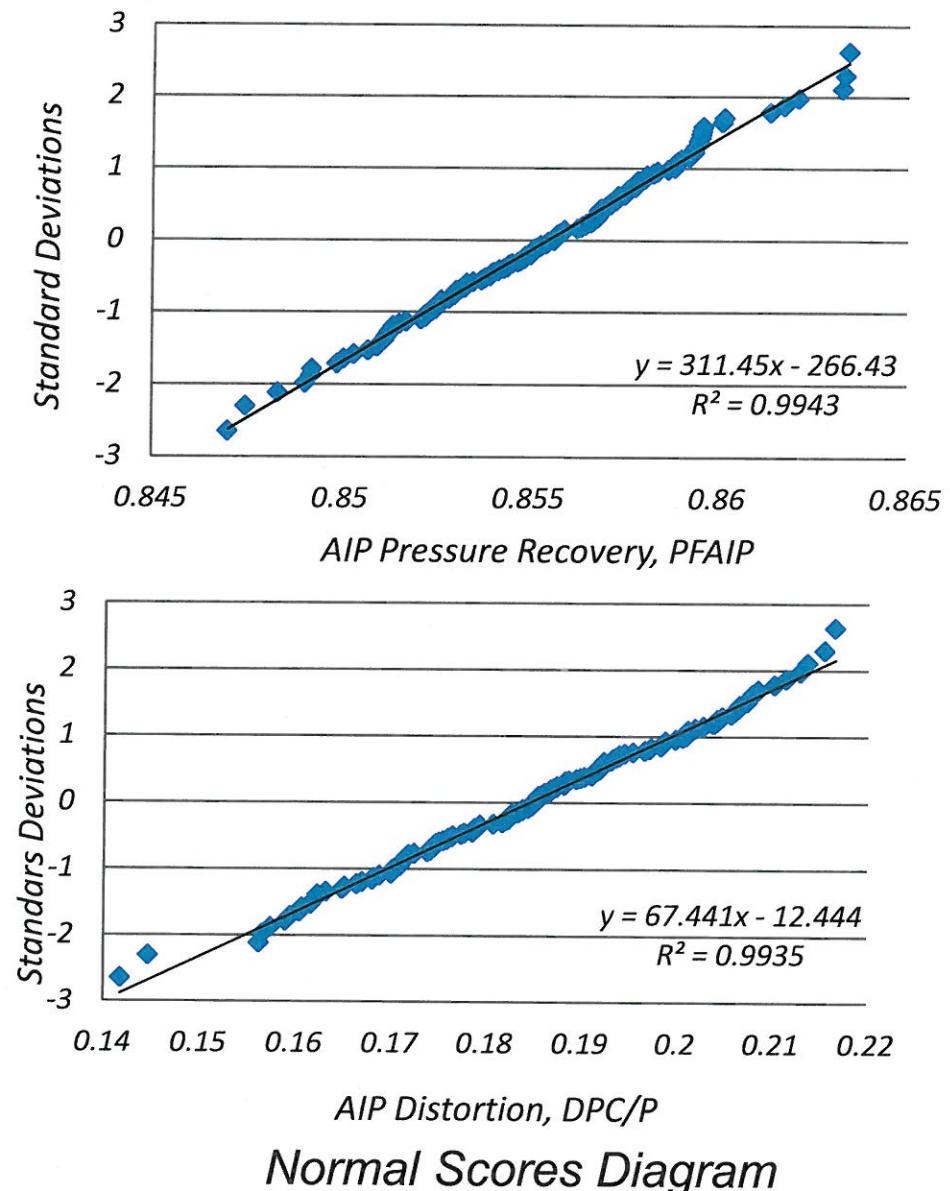
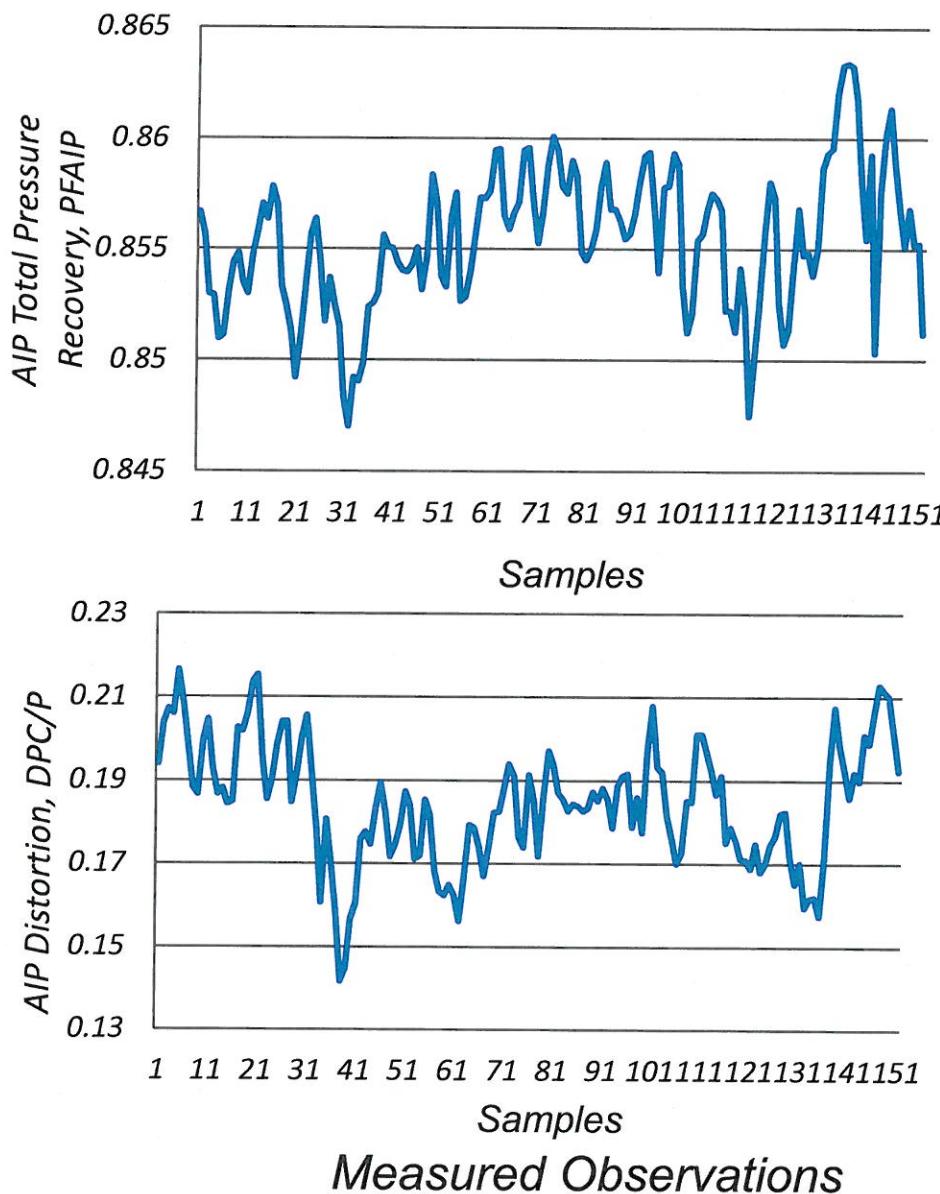


3D Steady RANS Analysis



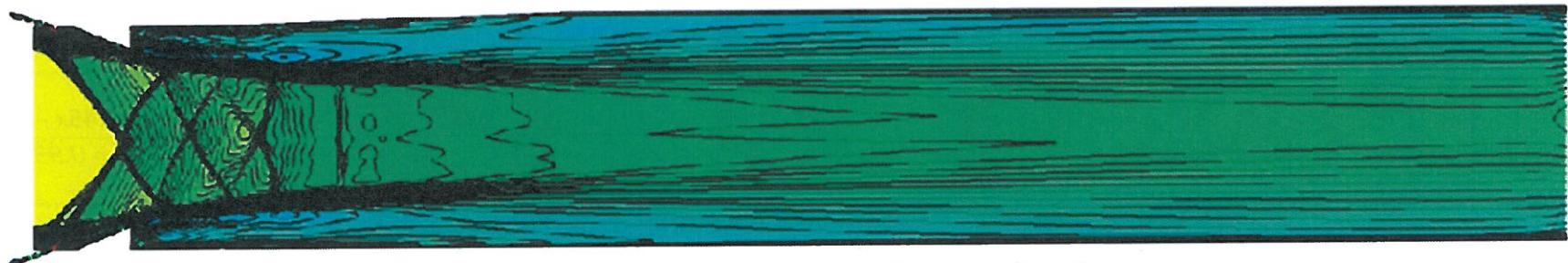
3D Unsteady DES Analysis

Config. GRC403 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Stochastic Properties



*Config. GRC601 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
Streamwise Mach Number Contours*

$$m_{bld}/m_0 = 0.0\%$$

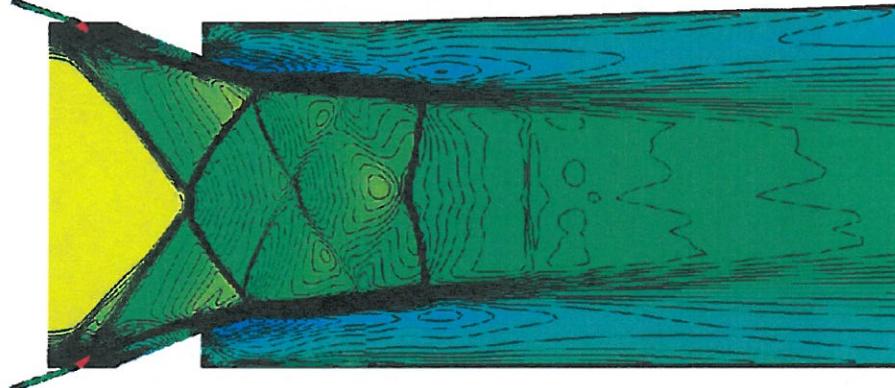


*3D Steady RANS Analysis
(Critical Operation)*

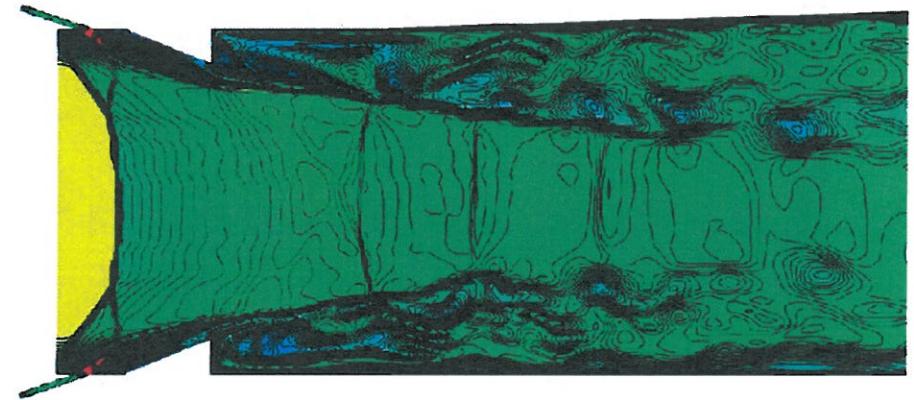
*3D Unsteady DES Analysis
(Subcritical Operation)*

*Config. GRC601 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
Streamwise Mach Number Contours*

$$m_{bld}/m_0 = 0.0\%$$

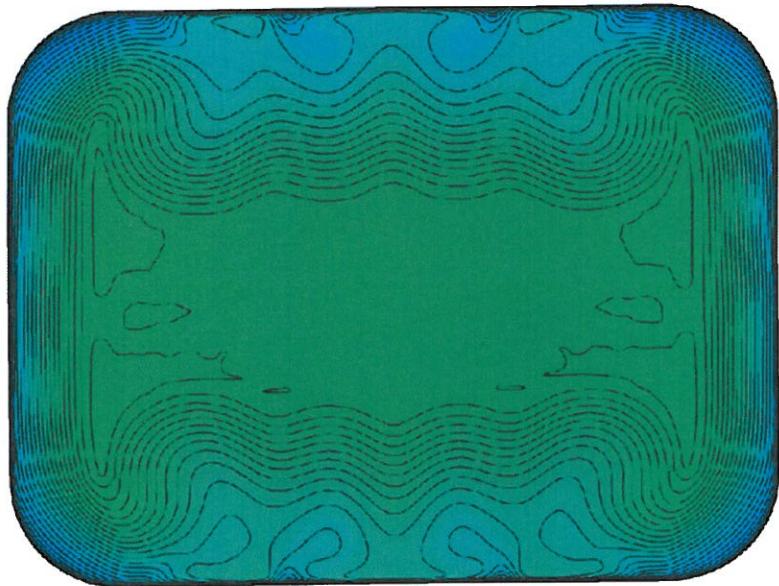


*3D Steady RANS Analysis
(Critical Operation)*

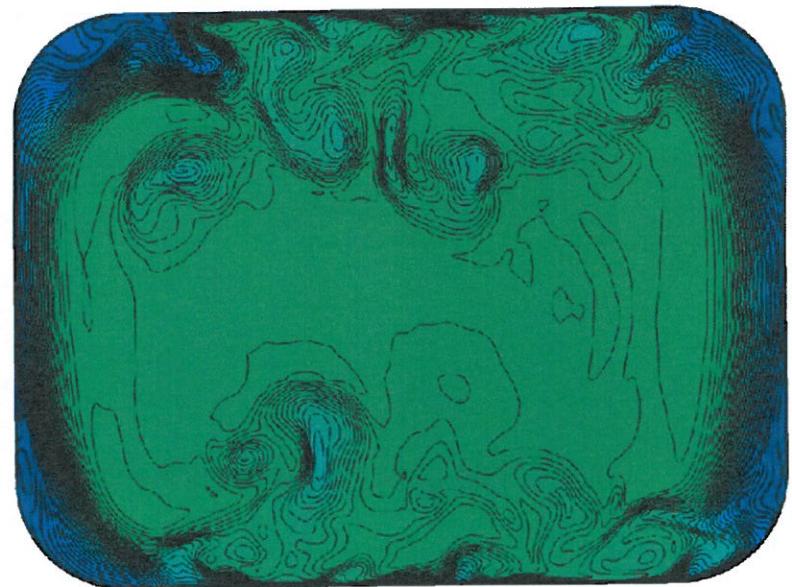


*3D Unsteady DES Analysis
(Subcritical Operation)*

Config. GRC601 HyFM Actuator Flow Control Geom.
AIP Mach Number Contours
 $m_{bld}/m_0 = 0.0\%$

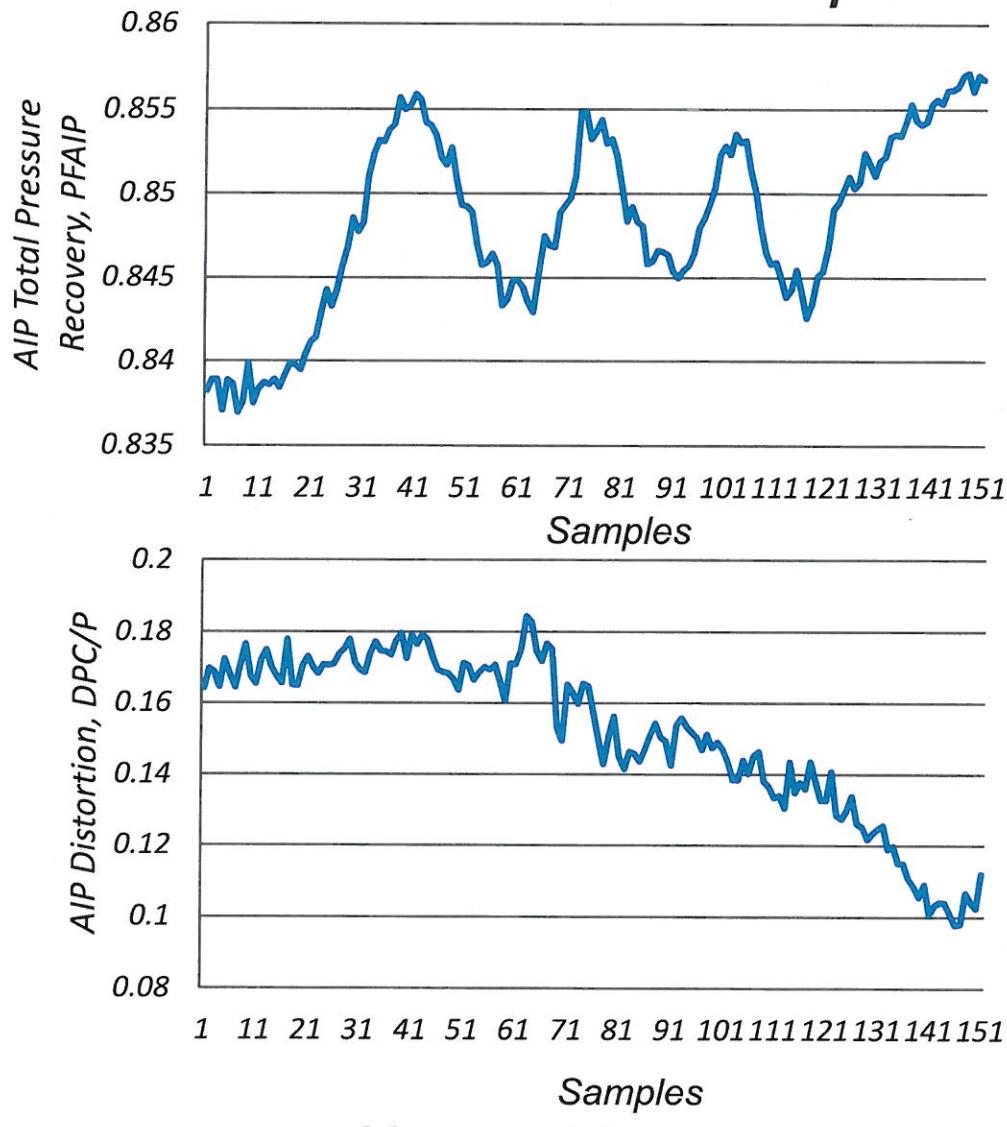


*3D Steady RANS Analysis
(Critical Operation)*

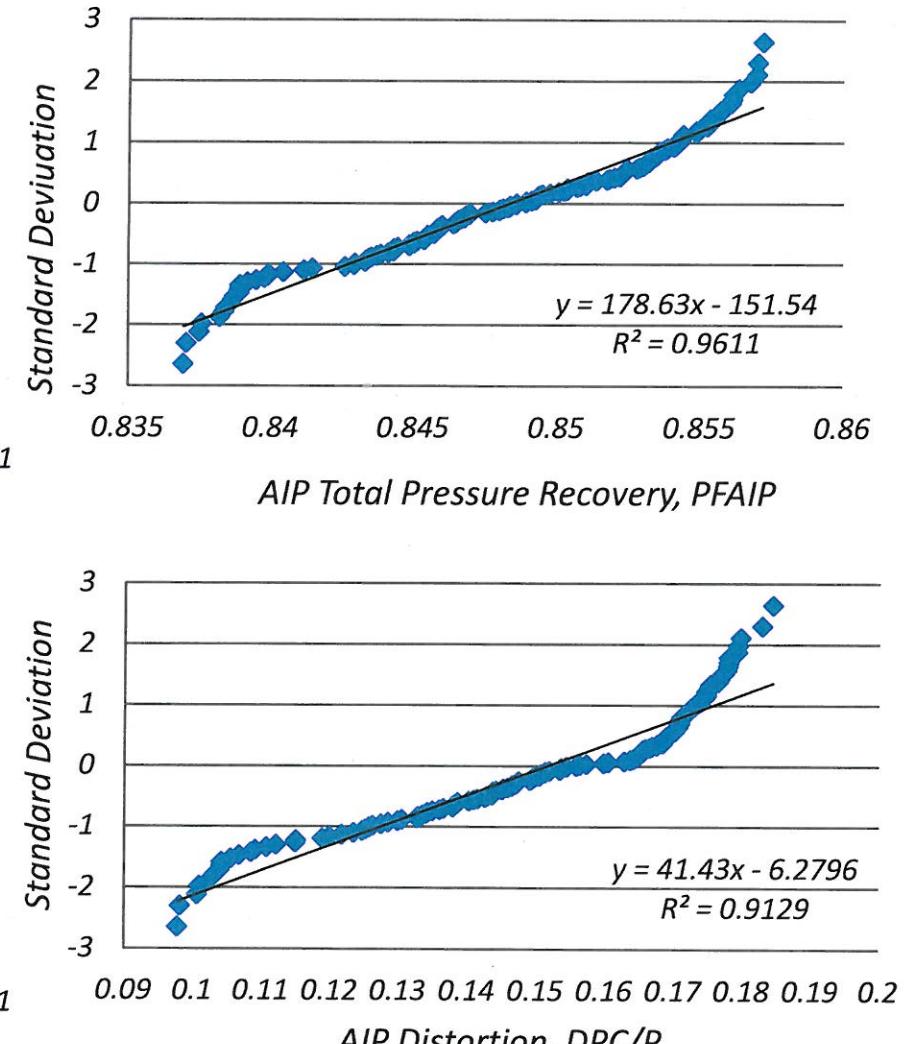


*3D Unsteady DES Analysis
(Subcritical Operation)*

Config. GRC601 HyFM Actuator Geometry Stochastic Properties of Flow Control



Measured Observations



Normal Scores Diagram

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions *General Observations to Date*

A statistical comparison between 3D RANS steady and DES unsteady CFD solutions made to separate the various random (precision) and systematic (biasing) errors that are introduced into the estimates of the ARP1420 response parameters PFAIP, DPC/P results in the following conclusions:

- *The primary flow variables, in particular, the average Mach number (MAIP) and total pressure recovery (PFAIP) are statistically not different .*
- *Under conditions of large flow separations, the AIP DPC/P distortion determined from the RANS analysis is biased low compared to the mean average DES solution.*
- *As the flow becomes more attached, both RANS and DES solutions tend to the same DPC/P value.*

Flow Control for Normal SWBL Corner Interactions

References

- (1) Gibb, J, and Anderson, B. H., "Vortex Flow Control Applied to Aircraft Intake Ducts", *High Lift and Separation Control Conference*, University of Bath, UK, 1995.
- (2) Box, E. P., Hunter, W. G., "Statistics for Experimenters", John Wiley & Sons, 1978.
- (3) Anderson, B. H. and Keller, D. J., "Considerations in the Measurement of Inlet Distortion for High Cycle Fatigue in Compact Inlet Diffusers", *NASA TM 2002-211476*, 2002.
- (4) Vukasinovic, B., Rusak, Z. and Glezer, A., "Dissipative small-scale actuation of a turbulent shear layer". *J. Fluid Mechanics*, Cambridge University Press, February, 2010.
- (5) Valerino, Alfred, "Effects of Internal Corner Fillets on Pressure Recovery-Mass Flow Characteristics of Scoop Type Conical Supersonic Inlets" *RM52J10*, 1952.